

TOWN OF COTTESLOE



ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES

LOCAL LAW

Gazetted 15 January, 2001

(This Local Law repeals: "Deposit of Rubbish on Roads" gazetted on 23/7/62; "Drainage under Footways" gazetted on 26/5/71 & amended 30/5/75; "Hawkers & Stallkeepers" gazetted on 11/11/88; "Streets & Footways" Gazetted on 20 July, 1955, amended on 11/8/64, 31/3/71, 31/5/75 & 19/8/88; "Removal & Disposal of Obstructing Animals or Vehicles" gazetted on 23/4/63, amended 6/11/64 & 23/12/71; "Street Lawns & Gardens" model 7/2/63 gazetted on 24/4/63, amended 19/6/63, 8/12/66, 12/2/71, 16/3/73 & 5/9/75; "Crossing Places" model 7/6/35 adopted on 27/10/66, amended 23/12/71 & 30/5/75; "Parking of Commercial vehicles on Street Verges" model 31/3/71, gazetted 16/12/71; "Prevention of Damage to Footpaths" 10/3/78, amended 3/9/82 & 4/3/88; "Eating Areas in Streets and Other Public areas" gazetted 16/8/96; "Trading in Streets & Public Places" gazetted 6/12/96; "Street Entertainers" gazetted 16/8/96.)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

TOWN OF COTTESLOE

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES
AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

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Local Government Act 1995

Town of Cottesloe

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Under the powers conferred by the *Local Government Act 1995* and under all other powers enabling it, the Council of the Town of Cottesloe resolved on 22 November, 1999 to make the following proposed local law.

PART 1 - PRELIMINARY

1.1 Citation

This local law may be cited as the Town of Cottesloe Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law.

1.2 Definitions

In this local law unless the context otherwise requires -

- "Act"** means the *Local Government Act 1995*;
- "applicant"** means a person who applies for a permit;
- "authorised person"** means a person authorised by the local government under section 9.10 of the Act to perform any of the functions of an authorised person under this local law;
- "built-up area"** means the territory contiguous to and including any road –
- (a) on which there is provision for lighting by means of street lamps; or
 - (b) which is built up with structures devoted to business, industry or dwelling houses at intervals of less than 100 metres for a distance of one half kilometre or more; or
beyond a sign indicating "BUILT-UP AREA" erected at the roadside to face drivers approaching a development consisting of dwelling houses, or business or industrial structures;
- "bulk rubbish container"** means a bin or container designed or used for holding a substantial quantity of rubbish and which is unlikely to be lifted without mechanical assistance, but does not include a bin or container used in connection with the local government's regular domestic rubbish collection service;
- "carriageway"** means the paved or made portion of a thoroughfare used or intended for use by vehicles;
- "CEO"** means the chief executive officer of the local government;
- "commencement day"** means the day on which this local law comes into operation;
- "Council"** means the council of the local government;
- "crossing"** means a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to -
- (a) private land; or
 - (b) a private thoroughfare serving private land;
- "district"** means the district of the local government;

"footpath"	means the paved or made portion of a thoroughfare used or intended for use by pedestrians and cyclists;
"garden"	means any part of a thoroughfare planted, developed or treated, otherwise than as a lawn, with one or more plants;
"intersection"	has the meaning given to it in the <i>Road Traffic Code 1975</i> ;
"kerb"	includes the edge of a carriageway;
"lawn"	means any part of a thoroughfare which is planted only with grass, or with a similar plant, but will include any other plant provided that it has been planted by the local government;
"liquor"	has the meaning given to it in section 3 of the <i>Liquor Licensing Act 1988</i> ;
"local government"	means the <i>Town of Cottesloe</i> ;
"local government property"	means anything except a thoroughfare – (a) which belongs to the local government; (b) of which the local government is the management body under the <i>Land Administration Act 1997</i> ; or (c) which is an 'otherwise unvested facility' within section 3.53 of the Act;
"lot"	has the meaning given to it in the <i>Town Planning and Development Act 1928</i> ;
"owner" or "occupier"	in relation to land does not include the local government;
"permissible verge treatment"	means any one of the 4 treatments described in clause 2.8(2), and includes any reticulation pipes and sprinklers;
"permit"	means a permit issued under this local law;
"permit holder"	means a person who holds a valid permit;
"person"	does not include the local government;
"premises"	or the purpose of the definition of "public place" in both this clause and clause 6.1, means a building or similar structure, but does not include a carpark or a similar place;
"public place"	includes any thoroughfare or place which the public are allowed to use, whether or not the thoroughfare or place is on private property, but does not include – (a) premises on private property from which trading is lawfully conducted under a written law; and (b) local government property;
"Regulations"	means the <i>Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996</i> ;
"sign"	includes a notice, flag, mark, structure or device on which may be shown words, numbers, expressions or symbols;

"town planning scheme"

means a town planning scheme of the local government made under the *Town Planning and Development Act 1928*;

"vehicle"

includes –

- (a) every conveyance and every object capable of being propelled or drawn on wheels, tracks or otherwise; and
- (b) an animal being ridden or driven,

but excludes –

- (a) a wheel-chair or any device designed for use by a physically impaired person on a footpath; and
- (b) a pram, a stroller or a similar device; and

"verge"

means that part of a thoroughfare between the carriageway and the land which abuts the thoroughfare, but does not include any footpath.

1.3 Application

This local law applies throughout the district.

1.4 Repeal

(1) The following local laws are repealed –

- Streets and Footpaths By Law No 21, as published in the Government Gazette of 20 July, 1955 and 11 August, 1964, 30 May, 1975 and 19 August, 1988.
- Deposit of Rubbish on Roads, as published in the Government Gazette of 23 July, 1962.
- Removal and Disposal of Obstructing Animals and Vehicles, as published in the Government Gazette of 23 March, 1963 and 23 December, 1971.
- Street Lawns and Gardens, as published in the Government Gazette of 8 December, 1966 and 16 March, 1973.
- By Law No 36 – Relating to Crossing Places, as published in the Government Gazette of 7 June, 1935, 27 October, 1966, 31 March, 1971, 23 December, 1971 and 30 May, 1975.
- By Law No 17 – Relating to Drainage Under Footways, as published in the Government Gazette of 26 May, 1971.
- Parking of Commercial and Other Vehicles on Street Verges, as published in the Government Gazette of 16 December, 1971.
- Prevention of Damage to Footpaths, as published in the Government Gazette of 10 March, 1978 and 3 September, 1982 and 4 March, 1988.
- Trading in Streets and Public Places, as published in the Government Gazette of 4 November, 1988 and 6 December, 1996.
- Hawkers and Stallkeepers, as published in the Government Gazette of 11 November, 1988.
- Eating Areas in Streets and Other Public Places, as published in the Government Gazette of 25 November, 1988 and 19 March, 1993.

- (2) Where a policy was made or adopted by the local government under or in relation to a local law repealed by this local law, then the policy is to be taken to no longer have any effect on and from the commencement day.

The Council may resolve that notwithstanding subclause (2) specified policies continue, or are to be taken to have continued, to have effect on and from the commencement day.

PART 2 – ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES

Division 1 - General

2.1 General prohibitions

A person shall not -

- (a) plant any plant which exceeds or which may exceed 0.60m in height on a thoroughfare so that the plant is within 6m of an intersection;
- (b) damage a lawn or a garden or remove any plant or part of a plant from a lawn or a garden unless –
 - (i) the person is the owner or the occupier of the lot abutting that portion of the thoroughfare and the lawn or the garden or the particular plant has not been installed or planted by the local government; or
 - (ii) the person is acting under the authority of a written law;
- (c) plant any plant (except grass or a similar plant) on a thoroughfare so that it is within 2m of a carriageway;
- (d) place on any footpath any substance or fluid (whether vegetable or otherwise, but not water) which may create a hazard for any person using the footpath;
- (e) unless at the direction of the local government, damage, remove or interfere with any signpost, direction plate, guidepost, notice, shelter, shed, fence or any structure erected on a thoroughfare by the local government or a person acting under the authority of a written law;
- (f) play or participate in any game or sport so as to cause danger to any person or thing or impede the movement of vehicles or persons on a thoroughfare; or
- (g) within a mall, arcade or verandah of a shopping centre, ride any skateboard, rollerblades or similar device.

2.2 Activities allowed with a permit – general

- (1) A person shall not, without a permit –
 - (a) dig or otherwise create a trench through or under a kerb or footpath;
 - (b) subject to Division 3 of this Part, throw, place or deposit any thing on a verge except for removal by the local government under a bulk rubbish collection, and then only during the period of time advertised in connection with that collection by the local government;
 - (c) cause any obstruction to a vehicle or a person using a thoroughfare as a thoroughfare;
 - (d) cause any obstruction to a water channel or a water course in a thoroughfare;
 - (e) throw, place or drain offensive, noxious or dangerous fluid onto a thoroughfare;
 - (f) damage a thoroughfare;
 - (g) light any fire or burn any thing on a thoroughfare other than in a stove or fireplace provided for that purpose or under a permit issued under other written law;
 - (h) fell any tree onto a thoroughfare;

- (i) unless installing a permissible verge treatment -
 - (i) lay pipes under or provide taps on any verge; or
 - (ii) place or install any thing on any part of a thoroughfare such any gravel, stone, flagstone, cement, concrete slabs, blocks, bricks, pebbles, plastic sheeting, kerbing, wood chips, bark or sawdust;
 - (j) provide, erect, install or use in or on any building, structure or land abutting on a thoroughfare any hoist or other thing for use over the thoroughfare;
 - (k) on a public place use anything or do anything so as to create a nuisance;
 - (l) place or cause to be placed on a thoroughfare a bulk rubbish container; or
 - (m) interfere with the soil of, or anything in a thoroughfare or take anything from a thoroughfare.
 - (n) allow stormwater from roofs, paved or other hardstand areas and driveways to discharge into or upon any thoroughfare of public place.
- (2) The local government may exempt a person from compliance with subclause (1) on the application of that person.

2.3 No possession and consumption of liquor on thoroughfare

- (1) A person shall not consume any liquor or have in her or his possession or under her or his control any liquor on a thoroughfare unless –
- (a) that is permitted under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1988* or under another written law; or
 - (b) the person is doing so in accordance with a permit.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply where the liquor is in a sealed container.

Division 2 - Vehicle Crossing

Subdivision 1 - Temporary Crossings

2.4 Permit required

- (1) Where it is likely that works on a lot will involve vehicles leaving a thoroughfare and entering the lot, the person responsible for the works shall obtain a permit for the construction of a temporary crossing to protect the existing carriageway, kerb, drains and footpath, where –
- (a) a crossing does not exist;
 - or
 - (b) a crossing does exist, but the nature of the vehicles and their loads is such that they are likely to cause damage to the crossing.
- (2) The “person responsible for the works” in subclause (1) is to be taken to be –
- (a) the builder named on the building licence issued under the *Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960*, if one has been issued in relation to the works;
 - or
 - (b) the registered proprietor of the lot, if no building licence has been issued under the *Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960* in relation to the works.
- (3) If the local government approves an application for a permit for the purpose of subclause (1), the permit is taken to be issued on the condition that until such time as the temporary crossing is removed, the permit holder shall keep the temporary crossing in good repair and in such a condition so as not to create any danger or obstruction to persons using the thoroughfare.

Subdivision 2 - Redundant Vehicle Crossings

2.5 Removal of redundant crossing

- (1) Where works on a lot will result in a crossing no longer giving access to a lot, the crossing is to be removed and the kerb, drain, footpath, verge and any other part of the thoroughfare affected by the removal are to be reinstated to the satisfaction of the local government.
- (2) The local government may give written notice to the owner or occupier of a lot requiring her or him to –
 - (a) remove any part of or all of a crossing which does not give access to the lot; and
 - (b) reinstate the kerb, drain, footpath, verge and any other part of the thoroughfare, which may be affected by the removal,within the period of time stated in the notice, and the owner or occupier of the lot shall comply with that notice.

Division 3 - Verge Treatments

Subdivision 1 - Preliminary

2.6 Interpretation

In this Division, unless the context otherwise requires -

"acceptable material"

means any material which will create a hard surface, and which appears on a list of acceptable materials maintained by the local government.

Subdivision 2 - Permissible Verge Treatments

2.7 Permissible verge treatments

- (1) An owner or occupier of land which abuts on a verge may on that part of the verge directly in front of her or his land install a permissible verge treatment.
- (2) The permissible verge treatments are –
 - (a) the planting and maintenance of a lawn;
 - (b) the planting and maintenance of a garden provided that -
 - (i) clear sight visibility is maintained at all times for a person using the abutting thoroughfare in the vicinity of an intersection or bend in the thoroughfare; and
 - (ii) where there is no footpath, a pedestrian has safe and clear access of a minimum width of 2m along that part of the verge immediately adjacent to the kerb;
 - (c) the installation of an acceptable material; or
 - (d) the installation over no more than one third of the area of the verge (excluding any vehicle crossing) of an acceptable material in accordance with paragraph (c), and the planting and maintenance of either a lawn or a garden on the balance of the verge in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b).

2.8 Only Permissible Verge Treatments to be Installed

- (1) A person shall not install or maintain a verge treatment that is not a permissible verge treatment.
- (2) The owner and occupier of the lot abutting a verge treatment referred to in subclause (1) are each to be taken to have installed and maintained that verge treatment for the purposes of this clause and clause 2.9.

2.9 Obligations of owner or occupier

An owner or occupier who installs or maintains a permissible verge treatment shall -

- (a) keep the permissible verge treatment in a good and tidy condition and ensure, where the verge treatment is a garden or lawn, that a footpath on the verge and a carriageway adjoining the verge is not obstructed by the verge treatment;
- (b) not place any obstruction on or around the verge treatment; and
- (c) not disturb a footpath on the verge.

2.10 Notice to owner or occupier

The local government may give a notice in writing to the owner or the occupier of a lot abutting on a verge to make good, within the time specified in the notice, any breach of a provision of this Division.

Subdivision 3 - Existing Verge Treatments

2.11 Transitional provision

- (1) In this clause –

"former provisions" means the local law of the local government which permitted certain types of verge treatments, whether with or without the consent of the local government, and which was repealed by this local law.

- (2) A verge treatment which –

- (a) was installed prior to the commencement day; and
 - (b) on the commencement day is a type of verge treatment which was permitted under and complied with the former provisions,
- is to be taken to be a permissible verge treatment for so long as the verge treatment remains of the same type and continues to comply with the former provisions.

Subdivision 4 - Public Works

2.12 Power to carry out public works on verge

Where the local government or an authority empowered to do so under a written law disturbs a verge, the local government or the authority -

- (a) is not liable to compensate any person for that disturbance;
- (b) may backfill with sand, if necessary, any garden or lawn; and
- (c) is not liable to replace or restore any –
 - (i) verge treatment and, in particular, any plant or any acceptable material or other hard surface; or
 - (ii) sprinklers, pipes or other reticulation equipment.

Division 4 - Property numbers

Subdivision 1 - Preliminary

2.13 Interpretation

In this Division, unless the context requires otherwise -

"Number" means a number of a lot with or without an alphabetical suffix indicating the address of the lot by reference to a thoroughfare.

Subdivision 2 - Assignment and Marking of Numbers

2.14 Assignment of numbers

The local government may assign a Number to a lot in the district and may assign another Number to the lot instead of that previously assigned.

Division 5 - Fencing

2.15 Public place – Item 4(1) of Division 1, Schedule 3.1 of Act

The following places are specified as a public place for the purpose of item 4(1) of Division 1 of Schedule 3.1 of the Act –

- (a) a public place, as that term is defined in clause 1.2; and
- (b) local government property.

Division 6 - Signs Erected by the Local Government

2.16 Signs

- (1) A local government may erect a sign on a public place specifying any conditions of use which apply to that place.
- (2) A person shall comply with a sign erected under subclause (1).
- (3) A condition of use specified on a sign erected under subclause (1) is to be for the purpose of giving notice of the effect of a provision of this local law.

2.17 Transitional

Where a sign erected on a public place has been erected under a local law of the local government repealed by this local law, then on and from the commencement day, it is to be taken to be a sign erected under clause 2.16 if –

- (a) the sign specifies a condition of use relating to the public place which gives notice of the effect of a provision of this local law; and
- (b) the condition of use specified is not inconsistent with any provision of this local law.

Division 7 - Driving on a closed thoroughfare

2.18 No driving on closed thoroughfare

- (1) A person shall not drive or take a vehicle on a closed thoroughfare unless –
 - (a) that is in accordance with any limits or exceptions specified in the order made under section 3.50 of the Act; or
 - (b) the person has first obtained a permit.
- (2) In this clause –

"closed thoroughfare" means a thoroughfare wholly or partially closed under section 3.50 or 3.50A of the Act.

PART 3 – ADVERTISING SIGNS ON THOROUGHFARES

Division 1 - Preliminary

3.1 Interpretation

In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires -

- "advertising sign"** means a sign used for the purpose of advertisement and includes an "election sign";
- "direction sign"** means a sign which indicates the direction of another place, activity or event, but does not include any such sign erected or affixed by the local government or the Commissioner of Main Roads;
- "election sign"** means a sign or poster which advertises any aspect of a forthcoming Federal, State or Local Government election; and
- "portable direction sign"** means a portable free standing direction sign; and
- "portable sign"** means a portable free standing advertising sign.

Division 2 - Permit

3.2 Advertising signs and portable direction signs

- (1) A person shall not, without a permit –
- (a) erect or place an advertising sign on a thoroughfare; or
 - (b) post any bill or paint, place or affix any advertisement on a thoroughfare.
- (2) Notwithstanding subclause (1), a permit is not required in respect of a portable direction sign which neither exceeds 500mm in height nor 0.5m² in area, provided that the sign is placed or erected on a thoroughfare on an infrequent or occasional basis only to direct attention to a place, activity or event during the hours of that activity or event.
- (3) Notwithstanding subclause (1), a person shall not erect or place an advertising sign -
- (a) on a footpath;
 - (b) over any footpath where the resulting vertical clearance between the sign and the footpath is less than 2.5m;
 - (c) on or within 3m of a carriageway;
 - (d) in any other location where, in the opinion of the local government, the sign is likely to obstruct lines of sight along a thoroughfare or cause danger to any person using the thoroughfare; or
 - (e) on any natural feature, including a rock or tree, on a thoroughfare, or on any bridge or the structural approaches to a bridge.

3.3 Matters to be considered in determining application for permit

In determining an application for a permit for the purpose of clause 3.2(1), the local government is to have regard to -

- (a) any other written law regulating the erection or placement of signs within the district;
- (b) the dimensions of the sign;
- (c) other advertising signs already approved or erected in the vicinity of the proposed location of the sign;

- (d) whether or not the sign will create a hazard to persons using a thoroughfare; and
- (e) the amount of the public liability insurance cover, if any, to be obtained by the applicant.

Division 3 – Conditions on Permit

3.4 Conditions on portable sign

If the local government approves an application for a permit for a portable sign, the application is to be taken to be approved subject to the following conditions –

- (a) the portable sign shall -
 - (i) not exceed 1m in height;
 - (ii) not exceed an area of 1m² on any side;
 - (iii) relate only to the business activity described on the permit;
 - (iv) contain letters not less than 200mm in height;
 - (v) not be erected in any position other than immediately adjacent to the building or the business to which the sign relates;
 - (vi) be removed each day at the close of the business to which it relates and not be erected again until the business next opens for trading;
 - (vii) be secured in position in accordance with any requirements of the local government;
 - (viii) be placed so as not to obstruct or impede the reasonable use of a thoroughfare or access to a place by any person; and
 - (ix) be maintained in good condition; and
- (b) no more than one portable sign shall be erected in relation to the one building or business.

3.5 Conditions on election sign

If the local government approves an application for a permit for the erection or placement of an election sign on a thoroughfare, the application is to be taken to be approved subject to the sign –

- (a) being erected at least 30m from any intersection;
- (b) being free standing and not being affixed to any existing sign, post, power or light pole, or similar structure;
- (c) being placed so as not to obstruct or impede the reasonable use of a thoroughfare, or access to a place by any person;
- (d) being placed so as not to obstruct or impede the vision of a driver of a vehicle entering or leaving a thoroughfare or crossing;
- (e) being maintained in good condition;
- (f) not being erected until the election to which it relates has been officially announced;
- (g) being removed within 24 hours of the close of polls on voting day;
- (h) not being placed within 100m of any works on the thoroughfare;
- (i) being securely installed;
- (j) not being an illuminated sign;
- (k) not incorporating reflective or fluorescent materials; and
- (l) not displaying only part of a message which is to be read with other separate signs in order to obtain the whole message.

PART 4 – OBSTRUCTING ANIMALS, VEHICLES OR SHOPPING TROLLEYS

Division 1 - Animals and Vehicles

4.1 Leaving animal or vehicle in public place or on local government property

- (1) A person shall not leave an animal or a vehicle, or any part of a vehicle, in a public place or on local government property so that it obstructs the use of any part of that public place or

local government property, unless that person has first obtained a permit or is authorised to do so under a written law.

- (2) A person will not contravene subclause (1) where the animal is secured or tethered for a period not exceeding 1 hour.
- (3) A person will not contravene subclause (1) where the vehicle is left for a period not exceeding 24 hours.

4.2 Prohibitions relating to animals

- (1) In subclause (2), "owner" in relation to an animal includes –
 - (a) an owner of it;
 - (b) a person in possession of it;
 - (c) a person who has control of it; and
 - (d) a person who ordinarily occupies the premises where the animal is permitted to stay.
- (2) An owner of an animal shall not –
 - (a) allow the animal to enter or remain for any time on any thoroughfare except for the use of the thoroughfare as a thoroughfare and unless it is led, ridden or driven;
 - (b) allow an animal which has a contagious or infectious disease to be led, ridden or driven in a public place; or
 - (c) train or race the animal on a thoroughfare.
- (3) An owner of a horse shall not lead, ride or drive a horse on a thoroughfare in a built-up area, unless that person does so under a permit or under the authority of a written law.

Division 2 - Shopping Trolleys

4.3 Interpretation

In this Division –

"retailer" means a proprietor of a shop in respect of which shopping trolleys are provided for the use of customers of the shop; and

"shopping trolley" means a wheeled container or receptacle supplied by a retailer to enable a person to transport goods.

4.4 Shopping trolley to be marked

A retailer shall clearly mark its name or its trading name on any shopping trolley made available for the use of customers.

4.5 Person not to leave trolley in public place

A person shall not leave a shopping trolley in a public place other than in an area set aside for the storage of shopping trolleys.

4.6 Retailer to remove abandoned trolley

- (1) If a shopping trolley is found in a public place, other than in an area set aside for the storage of shopping trolleys, the local government may advise (verbally or in writing) a retailer whose name is marked on the trolley of the location of the shopping trolley.
- (2) A retailer shall remove a shopping trolley within 24 hours of being so advised under subclause (1), unless the retailer -
 - (a) requests the local government to collect and deliver the shopping trolley to the retailer; and

- (b) pays any fee for that collection and delivery (imposed and determined under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act) within the period specified by the local government.

4.7 Retailer taken to own trolley

In the absence of any proof to the contrary, a shopping trolley is to be taken to belong to a retailer whose name is marked on the trolley.

PART 5 - TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES

Division 1 - Stallholders and Traders

Subdivision 1 - Preliminary

5.1 Interpretation

In this Division, unless the context otherwise requires -

"Competition Principles Agreement"

means the Competition Principles Agreement executed by each State and Territory of the Commonwealth and the Commonwealth of Australia on 11 April, 1995;

"public place"

includes -

- (a) any thoroughfare or place which the public are allowed to use whether or not the thoroughfare or place is on private property; and
- (b) local government property,

but does not include premises on private property from which trading is lawfully conducted under a written law.

"stall"

means a movable or temporarily fixed structure, stand or table in, on or from which goods or services are sold, hired or offered for sale or hire;

"stallholder"

means a person in charge of a stall;

"stallholder's permit"

means a permit issued to a stallholder;

"trader"

means a person who carries on trading;

"trader's permit"

means a permit issued to a trader; and

"trading"

includes -

- (a) the selling or hiring of, the offering for sale or hire of or the soliciting of orders for goods or services in a public place;
- (b) displaying goods in any public place for the purpose of -
 - (i) offering them for sale or hire;
 - (ii) inviting offers for their sale or hire;
 - (iii) soliciting orders for them; or
 - (iv) carrying out any other transaction in relation to them; and
- (c) the going from place to place, whether or not public places, and -
 - (i) offering goods or services for sale or hire;
 - (ii) inviting offers or soliciting orders for the sale or the hire of goods or services; or
 - (iii) carrying out any other transaction in relation to goods or services,

but does not include -

- (d) the setting up of a stall or the conducting of a business at a stall under the authority of a stallholder's permit;
- (e) the selling or the offering for sale of goods and services to, or the soliciting of orders for goods and services from a person who sells those goods or services;
- (f) the selling or the offering for sale or hire by a person of goods of her or his own manufacture or services which he or she provides; and
- (g) the selling or hiring or the offering for sale or hire of –
 - (i) goods by a person who represents a manufacturer of the goods; or
 - (ii) services by a person who represents a provider of the services,
 which are sold directly to consumers and not through a shop.

Subdivision 2 - Permits

5.2 Stallholder's permit

- (1) A person shall not conduct a stall on a public place unless that person is –
 - (a) the holder of a valid stallholder's permit; or
 - (b) an assistant specified in a valid stallholder's permit.
- (2) Every application for a stallholder's permit shall –
 - (a) state the full name and address of the applicant;
 - (b) specify the proposed number of assistants to be engaged by the applicant in conducting the stall, as well as their names and addresses if already engaged;
 - (c) specify the proposed location of the stall;
 - (d) specify the period of time for which the permit is sought, together with the proposed days and hours of operation;
 - (e) specify the proposed goods or services to be sold or hired or offered for sale or hire from the stall; and
 - (f) be accompanied by an accurate plan and description of the proposed stall.

5.3 Trader's permit

- (1) A person shall not carry on trading unless that person is –
 - (a) the holder of a valid trader's permit; or
 - (b) an assistant specified in a valid trader's permit.
- (2) Every application for a trader's permit shall –
 - (a) state the full name and address of the applicant;
 - (b) specify the proposed number of assistants, if any, to be engaged by the applicant in trading, as well as their names and addresses if already engaged;
 - (c) specify the location or locations in which the applicant proposes to trade;
 - (d) specify the period of time for which the permit is sought, together with the proposed days and hours of trading;
 - (e) specify the proposed goods or services which will be traded; and
 - (f) be accompanied by an accurate plan and description of any proposed structure or vehicle which may be used by the applicant in trading.
- (3) The conditions subject to which the local government may approve an application for a trader's permit include that the permit holder is permitted to remain at a particular location for as long as there is a customer making a purchase, but if there is no customer making a purchase the permit holder must move on from that location within a reasonable time of the last purchase having been made.

5.4 No permit required to sell newspaper

Notwithstanding any other provision of this local law, a person who sells, or offers for sale, a newspaper is not required to obtain a permit.

5.5 Relevant considerations in determining application for permit

- (1) In determining an application for a permit for the purposes of this Division, the local government is to have regard to –
 - (a) any relevant policies of the local government;
 - (b) the desirability of the proposed activity;
 - (c) the location of the proposed activity;
 - (d) the principles set out in the Competition Principles Agreement; and
 - (e) such other matters as the local government may consider to be relevant in the circumstances of the case.

- (2) The local government may refuse to approve an application for a permit under this Division on any one or more of the following grounds –
 - (a) that the applicant has committed a breach of any provision of this local law or of any written law relevant to the activity in respect of which the permit is sought;
 - (b) that the applicant is not a desirable or suitable person to hold a permit;
 - (c) that –
 - (i) the applicant is an undischarged bankrupt or is in liquidation;
 - (ii) the applicant has entered into any composition or arrangement with creditors; or
 - (iii) a manager, an administrator, a trustee, a receiver, or a receiver and manager has been appointed in relation to any part of the applicant's undertakings or property;or
 - (d) such other grounds as the local government may consider to be relevant in the circumstances of the case.

5.6 Conditions of permit

- (1) If the local government approves an application for a permit under this Division subject to conditions, those conditions may include –
 - (a) the place, the part of the district, or the thoroughfare to which the permit applies;
 - (b) the days and hours during which a permit holder may conduct a stall or trade;
 - (c) the number, type, form and construction, as the case may be, of any stand, table, structure or vehicle which may be used in conducting a stall or in trading;
 - (d) the goods or services in respect of which a permit holder may conduct a stall or trade;
 - (e) the number of persons and the names of persons permitted to conduct a stall or trade;
 - (f) the requirement for personal attendance at the stall or the place of trading by the permit holder and the nomination of assistants, nominees or substitutes for the permit holder;
 - (g) whether and under what terms the permit is transferable;
 - (h) any prohibitions or restrictions concerning the -
 - (i) causing or making of any noise or disturbance which is likely to be a nuisance to persons in the vicinity of the permit holder;
 - (ii) the use of amplifiers, sound equipment and sound instruments;
 - (iii) the use of signs; and
 - (iv) the use of any lighting apparatus or device;
 - (i) the manner in which the permit holder's name and other details of a valid permit are to be displayed;
 - (j) the care, maintenance and cleansing of the stall or any structure used for trading and the place of the stall or any structure;
 - (k) the vacating of the place of a stall or trading when the stall is not being conducted or trading is not being carried on;

- (l) the acquisition by the stallholder or trader of public risk insurance;
 - (m) the period for which the permit is valid; and
 - (n) the designation of any place or places where trading is wholly or from time to time prohibited by the local government.
- (2) Where a permit holder by reason of illness, accident or other sufficient cause is unable to comply with this local law, the local government may at the request of that permit holder authorise another person to be a nominee of the permit holder for a specified period, and this local law and the conditions of the permit shall apply to the nominee as if he or she was the permit holder.

5.7 Exemptions from requirement to pay fee or to obtain a permit

- (1) In this clause –

"charitable organisation"

means an institution, association, club, society or body whether incorporated or not, the objects of which are of a charitable, benevolent, religious, cultural, educational, recreational, sporting or other like nature and from which any member does not receive any pecuniary profit except where the member is an employee or the profit is an honorarium; and

"commercial participant"

means any person who is involved in operating a stall or in conducting any trading activity for personal gain or profit.

- (2) The local government may waive any fee required to be paid by an applicant for a stallholder's permit or a trader's permit on making an application for or on the issue of a permit, or may return any such fee which has been paid, if the stall is conducted or the trading is carried on –
- (a) on a portion of a public place adjoining the normal place of business of the applicant;
 - or
 - (b) by a charitable organisation that does not sublet space to, or involve commercial participants in the conduct of a stall or trading, and any assistants that may be specified in the permit are members of that charitable organisation.
- (3) The local government may exempt a person or a class of persons, whether or not in relation to a specified public place, from the requirements of this Division.

Subdivision 3 - Conduct of Stallholders and Traders

5.8 Conduct of stallholders and traders

- (1) A stallholder while conducting a stall or a trader while trading shall –
- (a) display her or his permit to do so in a conspicuous place on the stall, vehicle or temporary structure or if there is no stall, vehicle or temporary structure, carry the permit with her or him while conducting a stall or trading;
 - (b) not display a permit unless it is a valid permit; and
 - (c) when selling goods by weight, carry and use for that purpose, scales tested and certified in accordance with the provisions of the *Weights and Measures Act 1915*.
- (2) A stallholder or trader shall not –
- (a) deposit or store any box or basket containing goods on any part of a thoroughfare so as to obstruct the movement of pedestrians or vehicles;

- (b) act in an offensive manner;
- (c) use or cause to be used any apparatus or device including any flap or shelf, whereby the dimensions of a stall, vehicle or structure are increased beyond those specified in the permit; or
- (d) in the case of a trader, carry on trading from a public place, unless there is adequate parking for customers' vehicles reasonably close to the place of trading.

Division 2 - Street entertainers

Subdivision 1 - Preliminary

5.9 Interpretation

In this Division, unless the context otherwise requires –

- "perform"** includes to play a musical instrument, sing, mime, dance, give an acrobatic or aerobic display or entertain, but does not include public speaking;
- "permit"** means a permit issued for the purpose of clause 6.10;
- "permitted area"** means the area or areas, specified in a permit, in which the permit holder may perform; and
- "permitted time"** means the time or times, specified in a permit, during which the permit holder may perform.

Subdivision 2 - Permits

5.10 Permit required to perform

A person shall not perform in a public place without a permit.

5.11 Variation of permitted area and permitted time

- (1) The local government may by notice in writing to a permit holder vary –
- (a) the permitted area;
 - (b) the permitted time; or
 - (c) both the permitted area and the permitted time,
- shown on a permit.
- (2) The local government may direct a permit holder to move from one permitted area to another permitted area, if more than one area is specified in a permit.

5.12 Duration of permit

A permit is valid for a period of 3 months after the date on which it is issued unless it is sooner cancelled under this local law.

5.13 Cancellation of permit

The local government may cancel a permit if in her or his opinion the volume of sound caused by the permit holder in connection with the performance adversely affects the enjoyment, convenience or comfort of other persons in a public place, or if, in her or his opinion, or in the opinion of an authorised person, the performance otherwise constitutes a nuisance.

5.14 Obligations of permit holder

A permit holder shall not in a public place –

- (a) perform wearing dirty, torn or ragged clothing;
- (b) act in an offensive manner; or
- (c) place, install, erect, play or use any musical instrument or any device which emits music, including a loud speaker or an amplifier -
 - (i) other than in the permitted area; and
 - (ii) unless the musical instrument or device is specified in the permit.

Division 3 - Outdoor eating facilities on public places

5.15 Interpretation

In this Division -

- "Facility"** means an outdoor eating facility or establishment on any part of a public place, but does not include such a facility or establishment on private land;
- "permit holder"** means the person to whom a permit has been issued for the purpose of clause 5.16; and
- "public place"** has the meaning given to it in clause 5.1.

5.16 Permit required to conduct Facility

A person shall not establish or conduct a Facility without a permit.

5.17 Matters to be considered in determining application

In determining an application for a permit for the purpose of clause 5.16, the local government may consider in addition to any other matter it considers relevant, whether or not -

- (a) the Facility is conducted in conjunction with and as an extension of food premises which abut on the Facility, and whether the applicant is the person conducting such food premises;
- (b) any abutting food premises are registered in accordance with the *Health Act 1911* and whether the use of the premises is permitted under the town planning scheme;
- (c) the Facility will comply with any local law made under section 172 of the *Health Act 1911*;
- (d) users of the Facility will have access to proper and sufficient sanitary and ablutionary conveniences;
- (e) the Facility would -
 - (i) obstruct the visibility or clear sight lines at an intersection of thoroughfares of any person; or
 - (ii) impede pedestrian access; and
- (f) the tables, chairs and other equipment to be used may obstruct or impede the use of the public place for the purpose for which it was designed.

5.18 Obligations of permit holder

- (1) The permit holder for a Facility shall –
 - (a) ensure that the Facility is conducted at all times in accordance with the provisions of this local law and any local law made under section 172 of the *Health Act 1911*;
 - (b) ensure that the eating area is kept in a clean and tidy condition at all times;
 - (c) maintain the chairs, tables and other structures in the eating area in a good, clean and serviceable condition at all times;
 - (d) be solely responsible for all and any costs associated with the removal, alteration, repair, reinstatement or reconstruction of any part of the public place arising from the conduct of the Facility; and

- (e) be solely responsible for all rates and taxes levied upon the land occupied by the Facility.
- (2) Whenever, in the opinion of the local government, any work is required to be carried out to a Facility, the local government may give a notice to the permit holder for the Facility to carry out that work within the time limited by the notice.
- (3) In subclause (2), “work” includes the removal, alteration, repair, reinstatement or reconstruction of any part of a public place arising from or in connection with the setting up or conduct of a Facility.

5.19 Removal of Facility unlawfully conducted

Where a Facility is conducted without a permit, or in contravention of a condition of a permit, any tables, chairs, umbrellas or other equipment may be removed by an authorised person and impounded in accordance with the Act.

5.20 Use of Facility by public

- (1) A person shall not occupy a chair or otherwise use the equipment in a Facility the subject of a permit unless the person uses them for the purpose of consuming food or drinks provided by the Facility.
- (2) A person shall leave a Facility when requested to do so by the permit holder.

5.21 Temporary removal of Facility may be requested

- (1) The permit holder for a Facility is to temporarily remove the Facility when requested to do so on reasonable grounds by an authorised person or a member of the Police Service or an emergency service in the event of an emergency.
- (2) The permit holder may replace the Facility removed under subclause (1) as soon as the person who directed her or him to remove it allows it to be replaced.

PART 6 - PERMITS

Division 1 – Applying for a permit

6.1 Application for permit

- (1) Where a person is required to obtain a permit under this local law, that person shall apply for the permit in accordance with subclause (2).
- (2) An application for a permit under this local law shall -
 - (a) be in the form determined by the local government;
 - (b) be signed by the applicant;
 - (c) provide the information required by the form; and
 - (d) be forwarded to the CEO together with any fee imposed and determined by the local government under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act.
- (3) The local government may require an applicant to provide additional information reasonably related to an application before determining an application for a permit.
- (4) The local government may require an applicant to give local public notice of the application for a permit.
- (5) The local government may refuse to consider an application for a permit which is not in accordance with subclause (2).

6.2 Decision on application for permit

- (1) The local government may –
 - (a) approve an application for a permit unconditionally or subject to any conditions; or
 - (b) refuse to approve an application for a permit.
- (2) If the local government approves an application for a permit, it is to issue to the applicant a permit in the form determined by the local government.
- (3) If the local government refuses to approve an application for a permit, it is to give written notice of that refusal to the applicant.
- (4) Where a clause of this local law refers to conditions which may be imposed on a permit or which are to be taken to be imposed on a permit, the clause does not limit the power of the local government to impose other conditions on the permit under subclause (1)(a).
- (5) Where a clause of this local law refers to the grounds on which an application for a permit may be or is to be refused, the clause does not limit the power of the local government to refuse the application for a permit on other grounds under subclause (1)(b).

Division 2 - Conditions

6.3 Conditions which may be imposed on a permit

The local government may approve an application for a permit subject to conditions relating to -

- (a) the payment of a fee;
- (b) the duration and commencement of the permit;
- (c) the commencement of the permit being contingent on the happening of an event;
- (d) the rectification, remedying or restoration of a situation or circumstance reasonably related to the application;
- (e) the approval of another application for a permit which may be required by the local government under any written law;
- (f) the area of the district to which the permit applies;
- (g) where a permit is issued for an activity which will or may cause damage to a public place, the payment of a deposit or bond against such damage;
- (h) the obtaining of public risk insurance in an amount and on terms reasonably required by the local government; and
- (i) the provision of an indemnity from the permit holder indemnifying the local government in respect of any injury to any person or any damage to any property which may occur in connection with the use of the public place by the permit holder.

6.4 Imposing conditions under a policy

- (1) In this clause –

"policy" means a policy of the local government adopted by the Council containing conditions subject to which an application for a permit may be approved under clause 6.2(1)(a).

- (2) Under clause 6.2(1)(a) the local government may approve an application subject to conditions by reference to a policy.
- (3) The local government is to give a copy of the policy, or the part of the policy which is relevant to the application for a permit, with the form of permit referred to in 6.2(2).

- (4) An application for a permit is to be taken not to have been approved subject to the conditions contained in a policy until the local government gives the permit holder a copy of the policy or the part of the policy which is relevant to the application.
- (5) Sections 5.94 and 5.95 of the Act (relating to the right of the public to inspect certain local government information) shall apply to a policy and for that purpose a policy is to be taken to be information within section 5.94(u)(i) of the Act.

6.5 Compliance with and variation of conditions

- (1) Where an application for a permit has been approved subject to conditions, or where a permit is to be taken to be subject to conditions under this local law, the permit holder shall comply with each of those conditions.
- (2) The local government may vary the conditions of a permit, and the permit holder shall comply with those conditions as varied.

Division 3 - General

6.6 Duration of permit

A permit is valid for one year from the date on which it is issued, unless it is –

- (a) otherwise stated in this local law or in the permit; or
- (b) cancelled under clause 7.10.

6.7 Renewal of permit

- (1) A permit holder may apply to the local government in writing prior to expiry of a permit for the renewal of the permit.
- (2) The provisions of –
 - (a) this Part; and
 - (b) any other provision of this local law relevant to the permit which is to be renewed,shall apply to an application for the renewal of a permit, with necessary changes.

6.8 Transfer of permit

- (1) An application for the transfer of a valid permit is to –
 - (a) be made in writing;
 - (b) be signed by the permit holder and the proposed transferee of the permit;
 - (c) provide such information as the local government may require to enable the application to be determined; and
 - (d) be forwarded to the CEO together with any fee imposed and determined by the local government under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act.
- (2) The local government may approve an application for the transfer of a permit, refuse to approve it or approve it subject to any conditions.
- (3) Where the local government approves an application for the transfer of a permit, the transfer may be effected by –
 - (a) an endorsement on the permit signed by the CEO; or
 - (b) issuing to the transferee a permit in the form determined by the local government.
- (4) Where the local government approves an application for the transfer of a permit, it is not required to refund any part of any fee paid by the former permit holder.

6.9 Production of permit

A permit holder is to produce to an authorised person her or his permit immediately upon being required to do so by that authorised person.

6.10 Cancellation of permit

- (1) Subject to clause 8.1, a permit may be cancelled by the local government on any one or more of the following grounds –
 - (a) the permit holder has not complied with a -
 - (i) condition of the permit; or
 - (ii) provision of any written law which may relate to the activity regulated by the permit; or
 - (b) if it is relevant to the activity regulated by the permit –
 - (i) the permit holder has become bankrupt, or gone into liquidation;
 - (ii) the permit holder has entered into any composition or arrangement with creditors; or
 - (iii) a manager, an administrator, a trustee, a receiver, or a receiver and manager is appointed in relation to any part of the permit holder's undertakings or property.
- (2) On the cancellation of a permit the permit holder –
 - (a) shall return the permit as soon as practicable to the local government; and
 - (b) is to be taken to have forfeited any fees paid in respect of the permit.

PART 7 - OBJECTIONS AND APPEALS

7.1 Application of Part 9 Division 1 of Act

When the local government makes a decision -

- (a) under clause 6.2(1); or
 - (b) as to whether it will renew, vary, or cancel a permit,
- the provisions of Division 1 of Part 9 of the Act and regulations 33 and 34 of the Regulations apply to that decision.

PART 8 - MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES

8.1 Notice to redirect or repair sprinkler

Where a lawn or a garden is being watered with a sprinkler which is on the lawn or the garden, in a manner which causes or may cause an inconvenience or obstruction to any person using a thoroughfare, the local government may give a notice to the owner or the occupier of the land abutting on the lawn or the garden, requiring the owner or the occupier or both to move or alter the direction of the sprinkler or other watering equipment.

8.2 Hazardous plants

- (1) Where a plant in a garden creates or may create a hazard for any person using a thoroughfare, the local government may give a notice to the owner or the occupier of the land abutting on the garden to remove, cut, move or otherwise deal with that plant so as to remove the hazard.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply where the plant was planted by the local government.

8.3 Notice to repair damage to thoroughfare

Where any portion of a thoroughfare has been damaged, the local government may by notice to the person who caused the damage order the person to repair or replace that portion of the thoroughfare to the satisfaction of the local government.

9.4 Notice to remove thing unlawfully placed on thoroughfare

Where any thing is placed on a thoroughfare in contravention of this local law, the local government may by notice in writing to the owner or the occupier of the property which abuts on that portion of the thoroughfare where the thing has been placed, or such other person who may be responsible for the thing being so placed, require the relevant person to remove the thing.

PART 9 - ENFORCEMENT

Division 1 - Notices given under this local law

9.1 Offence to fail to comply with notice

Whenever the local government gives a notice under this local law requiring a person to do any thing, if the person fails to comply with the notice, the person commits an offence.

9.2 Local government may undertake requirements of notice

Where a person fails to comply with a notice referred to in clause 10.1, the local government may do the thing specified in the notice and recover from that person, as a debt, the costs incurred in so doing.

Division 2 - Offences and penalties

Subdivision 1 - General

9.3 Offences

- (1) Any person who fails to do anything required or directed to be done under this local law, or who does anything which under this local law that person is prohibited from doing, commits an offence.
- (2) Any person who commits an offence under this local law is liable, upon conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$5,000, and if the offence is of a continuing nature, to an additional penalty not exceeding \$500 for each day or part of a day during which the offence has continued.

Subdivision 2 - Infringement notices and modified penalties

9.4 Prescribed offences

- (1) An offence against a clause specified in Schedule 1 is a prescribed offence for the purposes of section 9.16(1) of the Act.

The amount of the modified penalty for a prescribed offence is that specified adjacent to the clause in Schedule 1.

- (2) For the purpose of guidance only, before giving an infringement notice to a person in respect of the commission of a prescribed offence, an authorised person should be satisfied that –
 - (a) commission of the prescribed offence is a relatively minor matter; and
 - (b) only straightforward issues of law and fact are involved in determining whether the prescribed offence was committed, and the facts in issue are readily ascertainable.

9.5 Forms

Unless otherwise specified, for the purposes of this local law -

- (a) where a vehicle is involved in the commission of an offence, the form of the notice referred to in section 9.13 of the Act is that of Form 1 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations;
- (b) the form of the infringement notice given under section 9.16 of the Act is that of Form 2 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations; and
- (c) the form of the notice referred to in section 9.20 of the Act is that of Form 3 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations.

SCHEDULE 1

PRESCRIBED OFFENCES

CLAUSE	DESCRIPTION	MODIFIED PENALTY \$
2.1(a)	Plant of 0.60 in height on thoroughfare within 6m of intersection	100
2.1(b)	Damaging lawn or garden	100
2.1(c)	Plant (except grass) on thoroughfare within 2m of carriageway	100
2.1(d)	Placing hazardous substance on footpath	100
2.1(e)	Damaging or interfering with signpost or structure on thoroughfare	300
2.1(f)	Playing games so as to impede vehicles or persons on thoroughfare	100
2.1(g)	Riding of skateboard or similar device within a mall or verandah of shopping centre	100
2.2(a)	Digging a trench through a kerb or footpath without a permit	100
2.2(b)	Throwing or placing anything on a verge without a permit	100
2.2(c)	Causing obstruction to vehicle or person on thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.2(d)	Causing obstruction to water channel on thoroughfare without a permit	200
2.2(e)	Placing or draining offensive fluid on thoroughfare without a permit	200
2.2(g)	Lighting a fire on a thoroughfare without a permit	300
2.2(h)	Felling tree onto thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.2(i)	Installing pipes or stone on thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.2(j)	Installing a hoist or other thing on a structure or land for use over a thoroughfare without a permit	300
2.2(k)	Creating a nuisance on a thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.2(l)	Placing a bulk rubbish container on a thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.2(n)	Allowing stormwater from roofs, paved or similar hardstand areas, and driveways to discharge into or upon any thoroughfare of public place without a permit.	200
2.2(m)	Interfering with anything on a thoroughfare without a permit	100
2.3(1)	Consumption or possession of liquor on thoroughfare	100
2.4(1)	Failure to obtain permit for temporary crossing	200
2.5(2)	Failure to comply with notice to remove crossing and reinstate kerb	300
2.8(1)	Installation of verge treatment other than permissible verge treatment	200
2.9	Failure to maintain permissible verge treatment or placement of obstruction on verge	100
2.10	Failure to comply with notice to rectify default	100
2.16(2)	Failure to comply with sign on public place	100
2.18(1)	Driving or taking a vehicle on a closed thoroughfare	300
3.2(1)	Placing advertising sign or affixing any advertisement on a thoroughfare without a permit	100
3.2(3)	Erecting or placing of advertising sign in a prohibited area	100

CLAUSE	DESCRIPTION	MODIFIED PENALTY \$
4.1(1)	Animal or vehicle obstructing a public place or local government property	100
4.2(2)(a)	Animal on thoroughfare when not led, ridden or driven	100
4.2(2)(b)	Animal on public place with infectious disease	100
4.2(2)(c)	Training or racing animal on thoroughfare in built-up area	100
4.2(3)	Horse led, ridden or driven on thoroughfare in built-up area	100
4.5	Person leaving shopping trolley in public place other than trolley bay	100
4.6(2)	Failure to remove shopping trolley upon being advised of location	100
5.2(1)	Conducting of stall in public place without a permit	300
5.3(1)	Trading without a permit	300
5.8(1)(a)	Failure of stallholder or trader to display or carry permit	100
5.8(1)(b)	Stallholder or trader not displaying valid permit	100
5.8(1)(c)	Stallholder or trader not carrying certified scales when selling goods by weight	100
5.8(2)	Stallholder or trader engaged in prohibited conduct	100
5.10	Performing in a public place without a permit	100
5.11(2)	Failure of performer to move onto another area when directed	100
5.14	Failure of performer to comply with obligations	100
5.16	Establishment or conduct of outdoor eating facility without a permit	300
5.18	Failure of permit holder of outdoor eating facility to comply with obligations	100
5.20(1)	Use of equipment of outdoor eating facility without purchase of food or drink from facility	50
5.20(2)	Failure to leave outdoor eating facility when requested to do so by permit holder	50
6.5	Failure to comply with a condition of a permit	100
6.9	Failure to produce permit on request of authorised person	100
9.1	Failure to comply with notice given under local law	100

Dated of 2000

The Common Seal of the
Town of Cottesloe
 was affixed by authority of a }
 resolution of the Council in the }
 presence of: }

 John Hammond
 MAYOR

 Barry Austin
 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

**ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES
AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW**

Town of Cottesloe

APPLICATION FOR INSTALLATION OF A CROSSING

To: CEO
Town of Cottesloe
109 Broome Street
COTTESLOE WA 6011

Sir/Madam,

I/We apply for approval to install a crossing/temporary crossing from land owned by me/us and situated at lot _____ subdivision _____ Street _____

To give access to _____ Street.

The required position of the crossing is _____ metres from the boundary of the land and the width required is _____ metres.

This crossing * is /is not the first crossing in respect of the land.

* I/We understood that the crossing must be constructed under the superintendence and to the satisfaction of the CEO, and that my/our contribution to the cost is to be _____.

* I/We request the local government to construct the crossing in the terms of the local laws and local government policies.

* (delete if not applicable)

Signature of owner/s: _____

Address: _____

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO CONDUCT AN OUTDOOR EATING FACILITY

To: CEO,
Town of Cottesloe,
109 Broome Street,
COTTESLOE WA 6011

I, _____ (Full Name)
of _____ (Residential Address)
_____ (Postal Address)
_____ (Occupation)

apply for a permit to set up and conduct an eating area

Details of Proposed Eating Areas: _____

Location of proposed eating area: _____

Description of eating house adjacent to proposed eating area: _____

Proposed days of operation: _____

Proposed hours of operation: _____

Proposed number of tables: _____

Proposed number of other structures: _____

Description of tables and chairs including materials and dimensions: _____

Description of other structures including materials and dimensions: _____

I declare that:

- the eating house referred to in Item 2 above is registered in accordance with the Health Act 1911 and the *Town of Cottesloe* town planning scheme;
- I am the proprietor of the eating house and am licensed in respect of that eating house in accordance with the Health Act 1911.

The following are attached:

- Two copies of a plan and specifications of the proposed eating area on a scale of 1:50 showing:
 - the location and dimensions of the proposed eating area and the means by which the eating areas are to be separated from the balance of the street or public place: and
 - the position of all tables, chairs and other structures proposed to be provided in the eating area and which of such items, if any, are to be retained within the eating area at all times;
- Two copies of both a plan and specifications on a scale of 1:200 showing the eating area and all land together with any improvements, public facilities and parking restrictions, within 30 metres of the boundaries of the eating area;
- A colour photograph or photographs of the tables, chairs, and other structures to be set up in the eating area;
- A written statement of the manner in which foodstuffs and other dining accessories are to be conveyed to, and protected from contamination within the eating area; and
- Written particulars of arrangements made in respect of public liability insurance in the sum of ten million dollars.

In making this application for a permit, I agree on the issue of the permit –

- to indemnify and hold indemnified the Crown and the *Town of Cottesloe* against any claims for loss, damage or injury however arising from the operation of the eating area; and
- not to claim from the Crown or the *Town of Cottesloe* or any person acting on their behalf, for any loss, damage or injury however arising from any public work on the thoroughfare or public place.

I enclose:

- the prescribed fee of \$ _____ ; and
- the prescribed charge of \$ _____.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2000.

(signature of applicant)

**ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES
AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW**

Town of Cottesloe

PERMIT TO CONDUCT AN OUTDOOR EATING FACILITY

This permit is to: _____ (Full name)

_____ (address)

("the permit holder")

This permit authorizes the person named above to set up and conduct an eating area:

- on those portions of the thoroughfare or public place shaded in on the permit plan attached to and forming part of this permit; and
- in compliance with the following conditions:
(insert conditions)

This permit is valid from the _____ day of _____ and expires at 12:00 o'clock

midnight on _____ or on the sooner cancellation of this permit.

In accepting this permit, the permit holder agrees:

- to indemnify and hold indemnified the Crown and the *Town of Cottesloe* against any claims for any loss, damage or injury however arising from the operation of the eating area; and
- not to claim from the Crown or the *Town of Cottesloe* or any person acting on their behalf, for any loss, damage or injury however arising from any public work on the thoroughfare or public place.

Issued this _____ day of _____ 2000.

CEO

**ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES
AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW**

Town of Cottesloe

TRANSFER OF PERMIT TO CONDUCT AN OUTDOOR EATING FACILITY

The *Town of Cottesloe* transfers the permit to conduct an eating area situated at

from the present holder _____

to _____

of _____ (“transferee”)

for the period from the date of this transfer until _____

In accepting this Transfer of Permit, the transferee agrees:

- to indemnify and hold indemnified the Crown and the *Town of Cottesloe* against any claim for any loss, damage or injury however arising from the operation of the eating area; and
- not to claim from the Crown or the *Town of Cottesloe* or any person acting on their behalf, for any loss, damage or injury however arising from any public work on the thoroughfare or public place.

CEO

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

APPLICATION FOR TRADER'S PERMIT

To: CEO
Town of Cottesloe
109 Broome Street
COTTESLOE WA 6011

I, _____ (Full Name)
of _____ (Residential
Address)
_____ (Postal Address)
_____ (Occupation)
_____ (Telephone Number)

apply for a trader's permit under the *Town of Cottesloe* Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law.

Details of Proposed Trading:

Method of Trading (eg. door to door sales, selling form fixed site(s)): _____

Location or part of the district for which permit is required: _____

Description of stand, table, structure or vehicle proposed to be used by the applicant:

Kind of goods or services intended to be sold or hired: _____

Number, names and addresses of assistants: _____

Proposed days of operation: _____

Proposed hours of operation: _____

Period for which the permit is sought: _____

Attached are:

- an accurate plan and description of any proposed stand, structure or vehicle which may be used for the proposed trading; and
- details of arrangements made in respect of public liability insurance in the joint names of the applicant and the *Town of Cottesloe*

I enclose:

- the permit fee of \$ _____
- the additional daily / weekly / monthly annual charge of \$ _____
- Total \$ _____

Dated this _____ day of _____ .

(signature of Applicant)

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

TRADER'S PERMIT

This permit is issued to: _____ (Full Name)
of _____ (Address)
("the permit holder")

This permit is issued subject to the following conditions:

Location / part of district to which the permit applies: _____

Description of stand, table, structure or vehicle to be used by the permit holder: _____

Goods or services to be sold or hired: _____

Number, names and addresses of assistants: _____

Approved days of operation: _____

Approved hours of operation: _____

Other conditions: _____

This permit is valid from the _____ day of _____ and expires at 12:00 o'clock midnight on _____ day of _____ or on the sooner cancellation of this permit.

Issued this _____ day of _____

CEO

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

APPLICATION FOR STALLHOLDER'S PERMIT

To: CEO
Town of Cottesloe
109 Broome Street
COTTESLOE WA 6011

I, _____ (Full Name)

of _____ (Residential Address)

_____ (Postal Address)

_____ (Occupation)

_____ (Telephone Number)

apply for a stallholder's permit under the *Town of Cottesloe* Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law.

Details of Proposed Stall

Location of proposed site for which the permit is sought: _____

Description of stall/s proposed to be used by the applicant: _____

Kind of goods or service intended to be sold or hired: _____

Number, names and addresses of assistants: _____

Proposed days of operation: _____

Proposed hours of operation: _____

Period for which the permit is sought: _____

Attached are:

- an accurate plan and description of proposed stall/s; and
- details of arrangements made in respect of public liability insurance in the joint names of the applicant and the *Town of Cottesloe*

I enclose:

- the permit fee \$ _____
- the additional daily / weekly / monthly annual charge of \$ _____
- Total \$ _____

Dated this _____ day of _____ .

(signature of Applicant)

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

STALLHOLDER'S PERMIT

This permit is issued to: _____ (Full Name)
of _____ (Address)
("the permit holder")

This permit is issued subject to the following conditions:

Location to which the permit applies: _____

Description of stall/s to be used by the permit holder: _____

Goods or services to be sold or hired: _____

Number, names and addresses of assistants: _____

Approved days of operation: _____

Approved hours of operation: _____

Other conditions: _____

This permit is valid from the _____ day of _____ and expires at 12:00 o'clock midnight on _____ day of _____ or on the sooner cancellation of this permit.

Issued this _____ day of _____

CEO

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO PERFORM

To: CEO
Town of Cottesloe
109 Broome Street
COTTESLOE WA 6011

I, _____ (Full Name)
of _____ (Residential
Address)
_____ (Postal Address)
_____ (Occupation)
_____ (Telephone Number)

apply for a permit to perform under the *Town of Cottesloe* Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law.

Details of Proposed Performance:

Nature of proposed performance: _____

Description of any musical instrument, loud speaker or amplifier to be used: _____

Preferred permitted area: _____

Preferred permitted times: _____

Dated this _____ day of _____.

(signature of Applicant)

ACTIVITIES ON THOROUGHFARES AND TRADING IN THOROUGHFARES AND PUBLIC PLACES LOCAL LAW

Town of Cottesloe

PERMIT TO PERFORM

This permit is issued to:

_____ (Full Name)

_____ (Residential Address)

to perform in the following areas and times for a period of three months commencing on the date of issue of this permit, unless it is sooner cancelled.

Permitted areas: _____

Permitted times: _____

The permit authorizes *[insert nature of proposed performance]*

_____ and the use of *[insert description of any musical instrument, loud speaker or amplifier to be used]* _____

Issued this _____ day of _____.

CEO